Municipal Bonds

Emerging Investment Opportunities in Munis

Crossover opportunities in municipal bonds amid valuation shifts.

Taxable municipals have performed well alongside other fixed-income sectors, while tax exempts have lagged due to technical and regulatory challenges, which should be clarified in the forthcoming spending bill negotiation, with healthcare and education most exposed. We anticipate further weakening of tax-exempt valuations into June. These valuations are becoming attractive for crossover investors.

Sector Commentary

- Tax exempts returned -0.2 percent in the first quarter, influenced by tight starting valuations, weak technicals, and policy uncertainty, which caused tax exempt/Treasury yield ratios to widen. Current 5/10/30-year ratios are 81/81/95 percent as of April 16, near their 12-month range highs.
- The new issue calendar is robust as issuers expedite deals ahead of possible changes to municipal bonds' tax exempt status. With principal and interest payments—typically semiannual—expected to remain low until June, the market should have positive net supply for most of the second quarter.
- Taxable muni spreads began widening in February alongside investment-grade corporates, increasing by 10 basis points in the first quarter, resulting in a 3 percent total return through March 31. Tepid year-to-date issuance of just \$6 billion has kept spreads tighter than investment-grade securities with comparable credit quality and tenor.

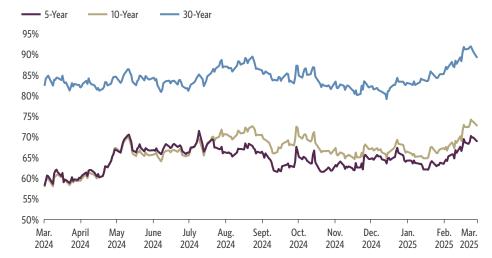
Investment Themes

- At current ratios and spreads, tax exempts are becoming appealing for institutional investors. Those in the 21 percent tax bracket can achieve higher after-tax income on tax exempts than on taxable products of similar credit quality and maturity.
 Retail investors can access liquid structures—5 percent coupon with long call protection—to mitigate market volatility.
- Higher education and healthcare sectors face pressure from regulatory changes, which will have sector-wide impacts, leading to broad repricings. Yet, given the fragmented nature of municipal bonds and diverse security pledges, we anticipate these sectors will offer opportunities to allocate to mispriced munis. Indeed, credit trajectories are dynamic, and we believe some issuers will have more levers to pull than others.

By Allen Li and Michael Park

Tight starting valuations, weak technicals, and policy uncertainty, caused tax exempt/Treasury yield ratios to widen. Current 5/10/30-year ratios are 76/80/95 percent, near their 12-month range highs.

Starting Prices, Technicals, and Uncertainty Caused Muni/Treasury Ratios to Widen



Source: Guggenheim Investments, Municipal Market Monitor. Data as of 3.31.2025.

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One basis point is equal to 0.01%.

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Investing involves risk, including the possible loss of principal. In general, the value of a fixed-income security falls when interest rates rise and rises when interest rates fall. Longer term bonds are more sensitive to interest rate changes and subject to greater volatility than those with shorter maturities. During periods of declining rates, the interest rates on floating rate securities generally reset downward and their value is unlikely to rise to the same extent as comparable fixed rate securities. High yield and unrated debt securities are at a greater risk of default than investment grade bonds and may be less liquid, which may increase volatility. Investors in asset-backed securities, including mortgage-backed securities and collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"), generally receive payments that are part interest and part return of principal. These payments may vary based on the rate loans are repaid. Some asset-backed securities may have structures that make their reaction to interest rates and other factors difficult to predict, making their prices volatile and they are subject to liquidity and valuation risk. CLOs bear similar risks to investing in loans directly, such as credit, interest rate, counterparty, prepayment, liquidity, and valuation risks. Loans are often below investment grade, may be unrated, and typically offer a fixed or floating interest rate.

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