Investment-Grade Corporate Bonds

Volatility Creates Opportunity in IG

Sector fundamentals should counter political and market uncertainty.

We expect volatility to increase as the new administration takes control in Washington, D.C., the Fed enacts changes to monetary policy, and front-loaded primary supply pushes spreads wider in January, but we view uncertainty as an opportunity to allocate to higher quality, liquid risk in investment-grade (IG) corporate bonds. A more benign economic backdrop, manageable net primary supply, a deregulatory environment, and attractive all-in yields should keep spreads rangebound in the latter part of the first quarter.

Sector Commentary

- After a dearth of primary supply in December, we expect gross new issue supply to expand in January to a potential recordbreaking \$200 billion.
- Heightened M&A activity will likely increase bond supply but will be more impactful in the second quarter.
- Investment-grade corporate spreads remain at historical tights.
 Yet, yields on the Bloomberg U.S. Investment-Grade Corporate
 Bond Index are around 5.35 percent versus the five-year average of 3.94 percent, which will continue to attract investors.
- Despite starting the third year of above-average funding costs for fixed income, the investment-grade market is well positioned to handle higher rates relative to high yield markets.
- The upgrade/downgrade ratings ratio hit a record 4.7x in 2024.
 Although we expect this ratio to be positive in 2025, we anticipate it to normalize to a longer-term run rate.

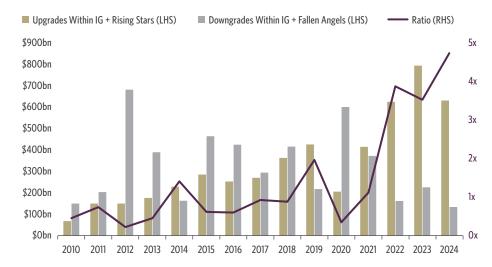
Investment Themes

- Although gross supply will be robust in the first quarter, redemptions and maturities will be strong as well. This will lead to much lower net supply and will support secondary spreads.
- Issuers tend to be higher quality, and focused heavily in financials, implying shorter duration issuance and a flatter credit curve.
- We continue to see value in 30-year paper with 10/30s credit curves at their recent steep levels.
- We also believe industrials look tight relative to financials given likelihood of increased debt funding from M&A activity.
- Preferred and hybrid securities remain attractive, especially for current income investors.
- We expect the 2024 trend of negative net supply in preferreds to continue into the first quarter of 2025, which should support price stability in the asset class.

By Justin Takata

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We Expect the Upgrade/Downgrade Ratio to Normalize in 2025



Source: Guggenheim Investments, JP Morgan. Data as of 12.31.2024.

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Investing involves risk, including the possible loss of principal. In general, the value of a fixed-income security falls when interest rates rise and rises when interest rates fall. Longer term bonds are more sensitive to interest rate changes and subject to greater volatility than those with shorter maturities. During periods of declining rates, the interest rates on floating rate securities generally reset downward and their value is unlikely to rise to the same extent as comparable fixed rate securities. High yield and unrated debt securities are at a greater risk of default than investment grade bonds and may be less liquid, which may increase volatility. Investors in asset-backed securities, including mortgage-backed securities and collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"), generally receive payments that are part interest and part return of principal. These payments may vary based on the rate loans are repaid. Some asset-backed securities may have structures that make their reaction to interest rates and other factors difficult to predict, making their prices volatile and they are subject to liquidity and valuation risk. CLOs bear similar risks to investing in loans directly, such as credit, interest rate, counterparty, prepayment, liquidity, and valuation risks. Loans are often below investment grade, may be unrated, and typically offer a fixed or floating interest rate.

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