#### **Asset-Backed Securities and CLOs**

# **Robust Issuance Expected in 2025**

# Despite tighter spreads, the outlook for structured credit remains attractive.

While the yield advantage of ABS over similarly rated corporate bonds has shrunk recently, we believe the sector continues to offer opportunities to earn excess yield. We expect 2025 commercial ABS supply to exceed that of 2024 due to tighter spreads, Fed rate cuts, and continued growth in capital-intensive digital infrastructure sectors. CLO issuance should remain robust in 2025 as demand from a range of buyer types has been strong.

## **Sector Commentary**

- ABS: The ABS-corporate spread basis compressed after the
  presidential election, and it now ranks at its 58th percentile over
  the last ten years. In whole business securitization, sales figures
  reflect sustained labor and commodity inflation. Challenging
  fundamentals have weighed on equity valuations and invited
  private equity activity and associated ABS issuance.
- CLOs: Spreads have tightened across the capital stack as elevated repricing activity and limited new loan supply have pushed prices higher, making it challenging for managers to build par. Liability Management Transactions, or LMTs, continue to be a market focus, as recovery outcomes for the same loan could vary depending on the manager.

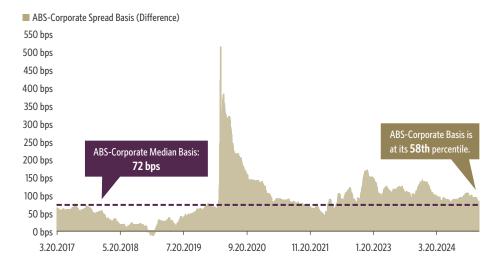
### **Investment Themes**

- ABS: We favor senior exposures in longer duration commercial ABS backed by high quality collateral such as franchise royalties, fiber networks, and shipping containers. The new administration is expected to boost investments, further supporting consumers' excess savings. Still, uncertainty surrounding policies such as student loan repayment could strain individual borrowers. For this reason, we focus on subsectors such as home improvement loans, which offer exposure to high quality borrowers with structural downside protection via amortization and credit enhancement.
- CLOs: Both senior and mezzanine tranches are offering attractive value relative to similarly rated corporate debt. The basis between private credit (PC) and broadly syndicated loan CLO tranches remains historically tight despite elevated PC CLO issuance, but we expect this basis to normalize. Manager and credit selection are paramount, as attractive high level portfolio metrics may mask the true credit risk within these deals.

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#### Commercial ABS Spreads Remain Attractive vs. Similarly Rated Corporates



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Investing involves risk, including the possible loss of principal. In general, the value of a fixed-income security falls when interest rates rise and rises when interest rates fall. Longer term bonds are more sensitive to interest rate changes and subject to greater volatility than those with shorter maturities. During periods of declining rates, the interest rates on floating rate securities generally reset downward and their value is unlikely to rise to the same extent as comparable fixed rate securities. High yield and unrated debt securities are at a greater risk of default than investment grade bonds and may be less liquid, which may increase volatility. Investors in asset-backed securities, including mortgage-backed securities and collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"), generally receive payments that are part interest and part return of principal. These payments may vary based on the rate loans are repaid. Some asset-backed securities may have structures that make their reaction to interest rates and other factors difficult to predict, making their prices volatile and they are subject to liquidity and valuation risk. CLOs bear similar risks to investing in loans directly, such as credit, interest rate, counterparty, prepayment, liquidity, and valuation risks. Loans are often below investment grade, may be unrated, and typically offer a fixed or floating interest rate.

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